FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2015



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of The British Columbia Council for International Education

We have audited the statement of financial position of The British Columbia Council for International Education ("the Council") as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of operations, change in net financial assets, and cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2015, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council as at March 31, 2015 and the results of its operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Society Act (British Columbia), we report that, in our opinion, these principles have been applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Vancouver, Canada May 14, 2015

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Mun+ Co.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

		MAR	MARCH 31,		
	NOTE	 2015		2014	
FINANCIAL ASSETS					
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS GUARANTEED INVESTMENT CERTIFICATES ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE SALES TAX RECEIVABLE	4 5	\$ 55,192 841,682 8,418 2,835 908,127	\$	112,760 816,540 34,079 2,800 966,179	
LIABILITIES					
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES SALARIES AND ASSESSMENTS PAYABLE EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS DEFERRED REVENUE NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	6 8	 33,474 95,664 99,188 76,500 304,826 603,301		56,254 93,799 85,962 161,200 397,215 568,964	
		 000,001		000,004	
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS PREPAID EXPENSES	9	72,448 77,532 149,980	_	70,001 100,114 170,115	
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS		\$ 753,281	\$	739,079	
GOING CONCERN CONSIDERATIONS CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS	2 6 & 7				

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Dr. Randall Martin

Jim Hamilton

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	2015 BUDGET (NOTE 12)	YEAR ENDE 2015	D MARCH 31, 2014
REVENUES			
EDUCATION QUALITY ASSURANCE (EQA) (SCHEDULE) GOVERNMENT GRANTS (SCHEDULE) ADMINISTRATION AND OPERATING	\$ 365,000 1,300,000	\$ 333,314 1,450,000	\$ 354,385 1,345,000
CONTRACTS (SCHEDULE)	237,905	206,700	197,710
OTHER (SCHEDULE)	8,000	15,900	11,999
	1,910,905	2,005,914	1,909,094
EXPENSES			
EDUCATION QUALITY ASSURANCE (EQA) (SCHEDULE) ADMINISTRATION AND OPERATING	215,967	117,590	222,511
CONTRACTS (SCHEDULE)	1,694,938	1,874,122	1,648,473
	1,910,905	1,991,712	1,870,984
ANNUAL OPERATING SURPLUS	\$ -	14,202	38,110
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		739,079	700,969
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS END OF THE YEAR		\$ 753,281	\$ 739,079

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS

	2015 BUDGET (NOTE 12)	· <u></u>	YEAR ENDE 2015	RCH 31, 2014	
ANNUAL OPERATING SURPLUS	\$ -	\$	14,202	\$	38,110
ACQUISITION OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	-		(34,296)		(9,236)
AMORTIZATION OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	26,295		31,849		27,055
ACQUISITION OF PREPAID EXPENSES	-		(77,532)		(100,114)
USE OF PREPAID EXPENSES	(26,295)		100,114		67,934
INCREASE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	\$ -		34,337		23,749
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS BEGINNING OF THE YEAR			568,964		545,215
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS END OF THE YEAR		\$	603,301	\$	568,964

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		YEAR ENDE 2015	D MA	RCH 31, 2014
OPERATING TRANSACTIONS				
CASH RECEIVED FROM				
EQA GOVERNMENT GRANTS OPERATING/CONTRACTS OTHER INVESTMENT INCOME SUMMER EVENTS	\$	270,014 1,450,000 12,425 15,900 192,540 1,940,879	\$	412,388 1,345,000 52,991 11,998 157,060 1,979,437
CASH PAID FOR	_	1,940,079		1,373,437
EQA EQUIPMENT RENTAL EVENT FEES HOSPITALITY INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND WEBSITES INSURANCE LEADERSHIP AND ORGANIZATION MARKETING OFFICE COMMUNICATIONS OFFICE SUPPLIES AND MISCELLANEOUS PROFESSIONAL AND CONSULTING FEES RENT AND FACILITIES SALARIES AND BENEFITS SALES TAXES (RECOVERABLE) SUBSIDIES (RECOVERABLE) TELECOMMUNICATIONS TRAVEL		121,923 21,833 117,421 143,389 131,809 3,932 15,302 17,196 39,090 21,755 91,623 145,660 880,549 (433) (3,200) 16,858 174,302		240,942 17,525 82,953 119,039 159,235 3,599 36,034 9,460 33,148 28,412 83,678 121,415 827,404 929 16,200 13,396 173,543
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING TRANSACTIONS		1,870		12,525
CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS				
CASH USED TO ACQUIRE TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	,	(34,296)		(9,236)
CASH APPLIED TO CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS		(34,296)		(9,236)
INVESTING TRANSACTIONS				
GUARANTEED INVESTMENT CERTIFICATES		(25,142)		(174,693)
CASH APPLIED TO INVESTING TRANSACTIONS	,	(25,142)		(174,693)
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(57,568)		(171,404)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		112,760		284,164
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS END OF THE YEAR	\$	55,192	\$	112,760

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2015

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The British Columbia Council for International Education is an educational marketing institution incorporated in 1991 under the Society Act (British Columbia). On January 23, 2009, the Council changed its name from The British Columbia Centre for International Education to The British Columbia Council for International Education, amended its constitution, and replaced its by-laws in their entirety. At the same time, its mandate was expanded to include overseas missions, new internal and external programs, marketing and communication portfolios, and to administer government sponsored initiatives, such as the Education Quality Assurance Program ("EQA"). The Council receives funding for its programs through the Ministry of Advanced Education for the Province of British Columbia ("the Ministry") and other government funded agencies. Previously, the Council was funded by internal programs and membership dues. In 2012, the mandate and mission of the Council were further changed and scaled back to focus on the core areas of planning and logistics of international events, marketing British Columbia in the international markets, and administering the EQA program.

The Council reports to the Legislative Assembly through the Ministry and is considered a Government Reporting Entity. The Council has no issued shares.

The Council is exempt from income taxes under the Income Tax Act.

2. GOING CONCERN CONSIDERATIONS

These financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Council is a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. Different bases of measurement may be appropriate if the Council is not expected to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. The Council is economically dependent on government support to fund its programs and activities. The Council's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to receive future government funding sufficient to meet current and future obligations.

As at March 31, 2015, the Council had net financial assets of \$603,301 (2014 - \$568,964).

The Council has the Ministry's grant commitment of \$1,500,000 to fund its fiscal 2016 operations, and received funding of \$1,360,000 and \$140,000 respectively to fund its fiscal 2015 operations and the EQA program.

Subsequent to the year end, the Council was notified by the Government that it required the Council's assistance in administering the EQA program during the transition process to the Government. The Council has been granted the right to retain the EQA fees received from April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

b. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. These short-term investments generally have a maturity of three months or less at acquisition and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investing.

c. Guaranteed Investment Certificates

Guaranteed investment certificates ("GIC's") are interest bearing and generally have a maturity date of one year or less.

d. Employee Future Benefits

i. The employees of the Council belong to the Municipal Pension Plan which is a multiemployer joint trustee plan. This plan is a defined benefit plan, providing a pension on retirement based on the member's age at retirement, length of service, and highest earnings averaged over five years. Inflation adjustments are contingent upon available funding.

The joint trustee board of the plan determines the required plan contributions annually.

The contribution of the Council to the plan is recorded as an expense for the year.

ii. The costs of insured benefits reflected in these financial statements are the Council's portion of the insurance premiums owed for coverage of employees during the period.

e. Tangible Capital Assets Including Capital Leases

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes amounts that are directly related to the acquisition, design, construction, development, improvement, or betterment of the assets.

The Council does not have any capital leases.

The cost, less the estimated residual value, of the tangible capital assets, excluding land, is amortized on a declining balance basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Computer equipment and software Office furniture and equipment Website Leasehold improvements 50%-100% declining balance method 20% declining balance method 30% declining balance method 3 years straight line

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

e. Tangible Capital Assets Including Capital Leases (Continued)

Tangible capital assets are written down when conditions indicate that they no longer contribute to the Council's ability to provide goods and services, or when the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital assets is less than their net book value. The net write-downs are accounted for as expenses in the statement of operations. No write downs were recorded during the year.

Contributed capital assets are recorded as revenue at their fair market value on the date of donation, except in circumstances where fair value cannot be reasonably determined, and which are then recognized at nominal value. Transfers of capital assets from related parties are recorded at carrying value. No contributed capital assets were received during the year.

f. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses, which include prepaid insurance, facility rentals, travel and mission expenses, are charged to operations over the periods that are expected to benefit from the expense.

g. Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenues. All revenues are recorded on an accrual basis, except when the accruals cannot be reasonably determined or collection is reasonably assured.

Government transfers are recognized as revenues when the transfer is authorized, any eligibility criteria are met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when amounts have been received but not all eligibility criteria or stipulations have been met.

Contributions from other sources are deferred and recognized as revenue as the related stipulations in the agreement are met. Restricted contributions that must be maintained in perpetuity are recorded as revenue when received or receivable and are presented as non-financial assets in the statement of financial position.

Revenue related to fees or services received in advance of the fee being earned or service performed is deferred and recognized when the fee is earned or service performed.

Expenses are reported on an accrual basis. The cost of all goods consumed and services received during the year is expensed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

h. Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transactions unless hedged by forward contracts that specify the rate of exchange. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the exchange rate prevailing at year-end. Adjustments to revenue or expense transactions arising as a result of foreign currency translation are credited or charged to operations at the time the adjustments arise. The Council does not undertake any currency hedges.

Financial Instruments

Measurement

Financial assets originated or acquired, or financial liabilities issued or assumed, are initially measured at their fair values. In the case of a financial asset or financial liability not being subsequently measured at fair value, the initial fair value will be adjusted for financing fees and transaction costs that are directly attributable to its origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption. Transaction costs of financial instruments measured at fair value are expensed.

The Council subsequently measures its financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses from changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of re-measurement gains and losses until the respective investment is ultimately disposed of, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognized in the statement of operations.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, GIC's, and accounts receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable.

The Council has not presented a statement of re-measurement gains or losses as it has no reportable transactions for its fiscal years ending March 31, 2015 and 2014.

Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Council assesses whether there are any indications that a financial asset measured at cost or amortized cost may be impaired. When there is an indication of impairment, the Council determines whether a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows from the financial asset and, in which case, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to the highest expected value that is actually recoverable from the asset either by holding that asset, by its sale, or by exercising the right to any collateral (net of cost). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced directly or through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the reduction is recognized as an impairment loss in net income. A write down of a portfolio investment to reflect a loss in value is not reversed for a subsequent increase in value.

Derecognition

A financial liability or a part of a financial liability is removed from the statement of financial position when it is extinguished (i.e.: when the obligation is discharged or cancelled, or expires). The difference between the carrying amount of that financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred, liabilities assumed or equity instruments issued, is recognized in net income for the period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2015

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

j. Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reporting amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the period. Items requiring the use of significant estimates include the useful life of capital assets and related amortization and estimated employee benefits.

Estimates are based on the best information available at the time of preparation of the financial statements and are reviewed periodically to reflect new information as it becomes available. Measurement uncertainty exists in these financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		 2015	 2014
	Unrestricted cash and demand deposits	\$ 55,192	\$ 112,760
5.	GUARANTEED INVESTMENT CERTIFICATES		
		 2015	 2014
	GIC's bear interest at rates ranging from 1.30% to 1.55% (weighted average 1.23%), are non-redeemable for twelve months and have maturity dates to January 2, 2016. Of the total, \$55,787 has been pledged as security for the Council's outstanding Visa commitments from time to time.	\$ 841,682	\$ 816,540

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2015

6. EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN AND BENEFITS PLAN

The Council contracts out its employee and payroll services under a fee arrangement currently with Capilano University ("CU"). Under this arrangement, the Council's employees are considered employees of CU. Employee compensation costs invoiced to the Council include employee salaries and related pension and employment benefits as determined by CU. Any funding adjustments are reflected ongoing in the CU's invoices to the Council.

a. Retirement Benefits - Pension Plan

The Council and its employees contribute to the Municipal Pension Plan which is a multiemployer plan in accordance with the Public Sector Pension Plan Act. The plan provides defined pension benefits to employees based on their length of service and employee's salary. The contribution rate for eligible employees is 8.5% of the employee's salaries until the yearly insurable earnings are reached, increasing to 10.0% thereafter. The Council matches contributions to the plan at the rate of 9.61% of the eligible employee's salary. As the plan is not under the Council's control, no pension liability, other than amounts invoiced, is included in the financial statements. The Council paid \$64,070 (2014 - \$69,206) for employer contributions to the plan for fiscal 2015. The contribution rates are subject to change as determined by the plan administrators.

b. Other Employee Benefits

In fiscal 2011, the Council entered into an employment contract with its Executive Director ("ED") which provides for administrative leave of one full month of paid compensation for each year of completed service from October 2007, and a severance package of one full year's salary plus benefits should the ED terminate his employment for specified reasons. The contract also provides that the severance package will be fully payable on the termination of employment for any reason after the completion of five full years of service.

Payroll liabilities include a provision for accrued administrative leave of \$99,188 (2014 - \$85,962) as at March 31, 2015. The estimated payout of the severance entitlement is \$257,888 (2014 - \$244,662) as at March 31, 2015.

The Council provides for its employees life insurance and disability and health care benefits which are funded by monthly premium payments to independent benefit providers. The benefits cease upon termination of employment with the Council. The Council currently has no long-term commitments with these benefit provisions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2015

7. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The Council has entered into operating leases for premises and office equipment pursuant to agreements extending to September 2018. Payments over the remaining terms are as follows:

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31,	F	PREMISES	OFFICE UIPMENT	TOTAL		
2016 2017 2018	\$	93,890 94,504 94,504 23,626	\$ 10,106 10,106 10,106 5,053	\$	103,996 104,610 104,610 28,679	
	\$	282,898	\$ 30,318	\$	313,216	

8. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenues represent externally restricted contributions received by the Council for the EQA program or for future general operating expenses. The following is a summary of externally restricted funds received.

	MARCH 31, 2015								
	EQA BCCI			BCCIE		TOTAL			
Deferred revenue beginning of the year Net decrease in deferred revenue	\$	159,000 (82,500)	\$	2,200 (2,200)	\$	161,200 (84,700)			
Deferred revenue end of the year	\$	76,500	\$	\$ -		76,500			
			MAR	CH 31, 2014	ļ.				
		EQA BCCIE			TOTAL				
Deferred revenue beginning of the year Net increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	\$	90,000 69,000	\$	11,497 (9,297)	\$	101,497 59,703			
Deferred revenue end of the year	\$	159,000	\$	2,200	\$	161,200			

The Council is the administrator of the EQA program. This is a program that has been implemented in conjunction with the British Columbia Provincial Government ("the Government") and is British Columbia's brand for quality post-secondary education. The EQA is a voluntary mechanism available to all eligible public and private post-secondary institutions in British Columbia. The EQA designation provides for a standard logo that can be recognized as an assurance of quality. Designation is based on an institution having met or exceeded existing quality assurance standards and being in good standing with both the Ministry and the applicable body. The agreement with the Government stipulated that the program was to be self-sustaining by 2014. The Council was notified that effective October 1, 2014, it will no longer be the administrator of the program, and was requested by the Government to continue administering the program until it has been transferred to the Government's control.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2015

9. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

MARCH 31, 2015	<u>W</u>	WEBSITE		OFFICE RNITURE AND UIPMENT	COMPUTER EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE		LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS		 TOTAL
Cost Opening balance Additions	\$	91,511	\$	78,131	\$	67,379 29,675	\$	57,897 4,621	\$ 294,918 34,296
Closing balance		91,511		78,131	-	97,054		62,518	329,214
Accumulated amortization Opening balance Amortization		64,301 8,163		46,689 6,288		61,996 11,121		51,931 6,277	224,917 31,849
Closing balance		72,464		52,977		73,117		58,208	256,766
Net book value	\$	19,047	\$	25,154	\$	23,937	\$	4,310	\$ 72,448
MARCH 31, 2014									
Cost Opening balance Additions	\$	91,511 -	\$	76,704 1,427	\$	60,672 6,707	\$	56,795 1,102	\$ 285,682 9,236
Closing balance		91,511		78,131		67,379		57,897	294,918
Accumulated amortization Opening balance Amortization		52,639 11,662		39,007 7,682		59,515 2,481		46,701 5,230	197,862 27,055
Closing balance		64,301		46,689		61,996		51,931	224,917
Net book value	\$	27,210	\$	31,442	\$	5,383	\$	5,966	\$ 70,001

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2015

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Council had the following transactions with the Ministry and other government controlled organizations:

	YEAR ENDED MARCH 31,					
	 2015		2014			
Government Grants						
BCCIE	\$ 1,450,000	\$	1,345,000			
EQA	 140,000		200,000			
	\$ 1,590,000	\$	1,545,000			

These transactions are considered to be in the normal course of business and are measured at their exchange amounts, being the amounts agreed to by the parties.

11. EXPENSES BY OBJECT

The following is a summary of expenses by object:

	YEAR ENDE 2015	D MA	RCH 31, 2014
AMORTIZATION	\$ 31,849	\$	27,055
BAD DEBT	-		3,000
BANK CHARGES AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE	3,462		6,115
EQUIPMENT RENTAL	22,054		17,868
EVENT FEES	115,646		75,782
HOSPITALITY	143,322		119,825
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND WEBSITES	177,698		183,826
INSURANCE	4,231		4,244
LEADERSHIP AND ORGANIZATION	14,802		36,184
MARKETING	17,196		-
OFFICE COMMUNICATIONS	39,705		32,876
OFFICE SUPPLIES AND MISCELLANEOUS	17,835		27,987
PROFESSIONAL AND CONSULTING FEES	92,773		82,117
RENT AND FACILITIES	153,154		136,306
SALARIES AND BENEFITS	945,723		939,846
SUBSIDIES	7,000		6,000
TELECOMMUNICATIONS	17,142		15,318
TRANSLATION SERVICES	3,674		480
TRAVEL	 184,446		156,155
	\$ 1,991,712	\$	1,870,984

12. BUDGETED FIGURES

The budgeted figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the estimates approved by the Board of Directors. The budgeted figures have not been audited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2015

13. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risks and Concentrations

The Council is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments, without being exposed to concentrations of risk. The following analysis provides a measure of the Council's risk exposure at March 31, 2015.

a. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises if the Council is unable to meet its obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Council is exposed to this risk mainly in respect to its accounts payable. The Council mitigates this risk by preparing and monitoring operating budgets that are used to assist with the planning of cash flows to meet its obligations as they come due.

b. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge its obligation.

Cash and cash equivalents, GIC's, and accounts receivable are exposed to credit risk due to the potential for counterparties to default on their contractual obligations. The maximum potential loss on these financial instruments equals their carrying value.

The Council mitigates its credit risk exposure by maintaining its cash, cash equivalents, and GIC's in major Canadian chartered banks. Accounts receivable are owed from various entities and there is no concentration of risk associated with any particular customer. As at March 31, 2015 there were no overdue account receivable balances.

c. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair market value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The Council is mainly exposed to interest rate risk.

i. Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair market value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Council is not exposed to any currency risk and does not maintain any foreign denominated financial currencies.

ii. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flow of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Council is exposed to interest rate risk on its GIC's, which bear interest at fixed rates which could expose the Council to interest rate price risk. Fluctuations in market interest rates could affect the fair value of these financial instruments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2015

13. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Risks and Concentrations (Continued)

- c. Market Risk (Continued)
 - iii. Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair market value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument traded in the market.

The Council is not exposed to other price risk.

14. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain of the prior year's comparative figures have been reclassified to agree to the current year's financial statement presentation.

SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES PROGRAMS

		EDUC QUALITY A		ADMINISTRATION AND OPERATING CONTRACTS				
	YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 2014			RCH 31, 2014		RCH 31, 2014		
REVENUE							'	_
FEES - PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS GRANTS OPERATING OTHER SUMMER SEMINAR	\$	193,100 140,000 - 214	\$	152,950 200,000 - 1,435	\$	1,450,000 14,160 15,900 192,540	\$	1,345,000 37,650 11,999 160,060
		333,314		354,385		1,672,600		1,554,709
EXPENSES								
AMORTIZATION		-		-		31,849		27,055
BAD DEBT		-		-		-		3,000
BANK CHARGES AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE		2,797		5,265		666		850
EQUIPMENT RENTAL		321		746		21,733		17,122
EVENT FEES		-		585		115,646		75,197
HOSPITALITY		770		1,027		142,552		118,798
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND WEBSITES		51,432		30,952		126,265		152,874
INSURANCE		299		645		3,932		3,599
LEADERSHIP AND ORGANIZATION		-		150		14,802		36,034
MARKETING		-		-		17,196		-
OFFICE COMMUNICATIONS (RECOVERY)		(79)		-		39,784		32,876
OFFICE SUPPLIES AND MISCELLANEOUS		1,130		2,590		16,705		25,397
PROFESSIONAL AND CONSULTING FEES		1,439		6,153		91,334		75,964
RENT AND FACILITIES		7,510		14,875		145,644		121,431
SALARIES AND BENEFITS		50,083		156,009		895,640		783,837
SUBSIDIES		-		-		7,000		6,000
TELECOMMUNICATIONS		959		1,714		16,184		13,604
TRANSLATION SERVICES		-		-		3,674		480
TRAVEL		929		1,801		183,516		154,354
		117,590		222,512		1,874,122		1,648,472
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	\$	215,724	\$	131,873	\$	(201,522)	\$	(93,763)